### BALTIMORE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

**DATE:** December 20, 2011

TO: BOARD OF EDUCATION

**FROM:** Dr. Joe A. Hairston, Superintendent

SUBJECT: FINANCIAL REPORT – FOR THE MONTHS ENDING

OCTOBER 31, 2010 AND 2011

**ORIGINATOR:** Renee A. Foose, Deputy Superintendent

RESOURCE

**PERSON (S):** Barbara S. Burnopp, Chief Financial Officer

Patrick M. Fannon, Controller

#### **INFORMATION**

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Attached is the general fund *Comparison of FY2011 and FY2012 Revenues, Expenditures, and Encumbrances – Budget and Actual* for the periods ended October 31, 2010 and 2011.

## General Fund Comparison of FY2011 and FY2012 Revenues, Expenditures, and Encumbrances-Budget and Actual

These data are presented using Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) categories. Amounts included reflect actual revenues, expenditures, and encumbrances to date and do not reflect forecasts of revenues and expenditures. Figure 1 presents an overview of the FY2011 and FY2012 general fund revenue budget. Figure 2 provides an overview of the FY2012 general fund expenditure budget. Figure 3 compares the percent of the budget obligated as of October 31, 2010 and 2011. Figure 4 is a comparative statement of budget-to-actual revenues, expenditures, and encumbrances.

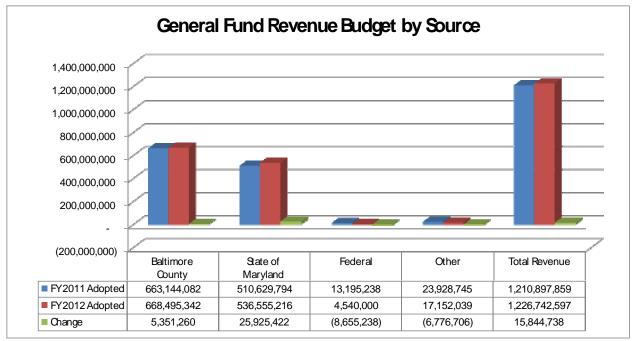


Figure 1

#### Year-to-Date Comparison

- *Baltimore County* The FY2012 county appropriation increased \$5.3 million, a 0.7% increase over the FY2011 budget. Increased enrollment resulted in additional funding for FY2012 even though the county appropriation, excluding one-time expenditures, is the minimum funding required under the state maintenance of effort (MOE) requirements. County funds are drawn based on cash flow requirements. The year-to-date county revenue recognized is \$110 million, 16.5% of the budget, as compared to \$101.7 million, 15.3% of the budget for FY2011.
- State of Maryland The FY2012 state appropriation increased approximately \$26 million, 5.1% over the FY2011 budget. The increase in the budgeted revenue is a result of an overall increase over the prior year in aid to education and was made possible due to Federal Education Jobs Fund Bill revenue used by the state in FY2011 to make resources available for FY2012. The majority of state funds are received bi-monthly in equal installments. As of September 2011, two of the state payments had been received.
- *Federal* The FY2012 federal budgeted revenue is significantly reduced because of the ending of most of the funding previously received under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. The school system will receive its share of federal stimulus funds under the Education Jobs Fund Bill, approximately \$3.8 million, all of which will be used to support employee health care costs. These funds are to be received on a reimbursement basis and are not expected to continue in FY2013.
- Other Revenues The other revenue budget is comprised of re-appropriations of funds from the prior year's fund balance, out-of-county living arrangement payments from other local education agencies, which are estimated to be \$2.8 million and are generally collected at year end, tuitions, and sundry revenues. The budgeted revenue decreased significantly over the prior year because of a \$6.9 million decrease in the re-appropriated fund balance to approximately \$9.1 million from the \$16 million utilized in the prior year. The year-to-date revenue consists of tuition and other revenues.

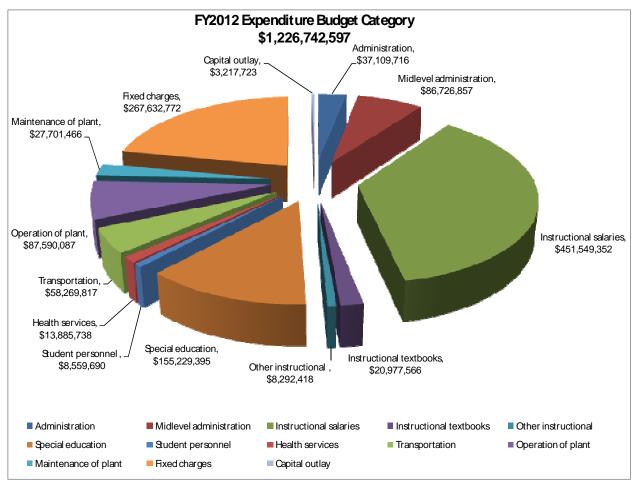


Figure 2 (Detail included in Figure 4)

Total Expenditures and Encumbrances — Year-to-date expenditures and encumbrances through October 2011 are \$392.1 million, 32% obligated, compared to \$386.8 million, 31.9% obligated, for the same period in FY2011. Salary expenditures within categories that are primarily comprised of 12-month positions (e.g., administration, midlevel administration, operation of plant, maintenance of plant, and capital outlay) average 29.9% of the budget amount and are in line considering the percent of the fiscal year that has elapsed. Salary expenditures in categories with large concentrations of 10-month school-based personnel (e.g., instructional salaries, special education, student personnel, health services, and transportation) average 22.8% of the budget, which is in line with the percentage of the school year that has elapsed.

The salary budget had a net increase of approximately \$1.6 million, which included \$15.1 million to provide salary step increases and other salary adjustments. Additionally, \$3.1 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, were added to the salary budget to provide for additional teachers because of increased enrollment and to provide other additional positions for special education. The budget increases were offset by a reduction of \$15.8 million through decreased school staffing allocations, by a \$3.2 million transfer of the costs of special education additional assistants to the Third Party Billing program, and decreases in summer school, extended year, and extra duty programs.

The nonsalary expenditures are budgeted for an overall net increase of \$14.1 million, or 3.2% over the prior year. The changes in these expenditures are in a number of categories throughout the budget. The nonsalary budget for administration was increased by \$1.8 million, primarily because of an increase in

one-time expenditures for contracted services and equipment relating to expanding the functionality of student data systems for the Office of Student Data and for network support services. The nonsalary budget for transportation was increased by \$1.2 million, a 5.1% increase, because of an expected increase for school bus replacements and diesel fuel costs. An increase of \$16.9 million is budgeted for fixed charges, a 6.8% increase, because of an increase in health benefit costs, and to provide for increased state and county pension costs and increased workers compensation expenses. These budget increases were somewhat offset by a decrease of \$562,000 in the budget for midlevel administration, primarily because of an overall reduction in school and office expenditures; a \$3.1 million decrease in textbook and personal computer replacement costs; and a \$2.2 million decrease in the budget for operation of plant, primarily related to an expected decrease in the cost of utilities.

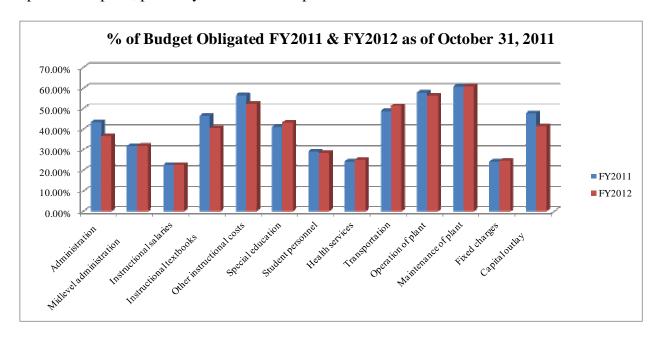


Figure 3

- Administration and Midlevel Administration The budget for non-salary administration expenditures increased \$1.8 million, or 18%, over the amount budgeted last year, primarily because of an increase in one-time consulting expenditures and equipment purchases related to student data system upgrades in the Office of Student Data and in network support services. Midlevel administration nonsalary expenditures are budgeted for a decrease of \$562,000, or 6.5% from the prior year's budget. This decrease results primarily from a 5% decrease in the school and office budgets for the year. The decrease of \$1.2 million in year-to-date expenditures in administration over the expenditures of the prior year is the result of the timing of the encumbrances for FY2012, as compared with encumbrances recorded for the same period in FY2011.
- *Instructional Salaries* The budget for instructional salaries had a net decrease of \$9.2 million in FY2012. From the operating budget, 194 teaching position vacancies were frozen and offsetting adjustments were made to classroom staffing allocations for the vacancies that were not filled.

Notwithstanding the class size adjustments, it was necessary to hire 77 additional teachers to accommodate enrollment growth. The budget was also increased for salary step increases for teachers.

- Instructional Textbooks and Supplies A significant portion of the instructional textbooks and supplies category is spent early in the fiscal year as orders are placed with vendors for textbooks and classroom supplies needed for the opening of school. The FY2012 budget for this category was decreased by 13.1%, or approximately \$3.2 million. This budgetary decrease is the result of a reduction in the central budget for textbooks and computer replacements as well as a 5% reduction to classroom budgets. Significant textbook purchases were made in prior years, and no additional funds were provided for this year. The remaining budget will be spent during the school year to purchase additional consumable classroom supplies, textbooks, and other media.
- Other Instructional Costs This category is comprised of commitments for contracted services, staff development, equipment, and other costs used to support the instructional programs. To date, \$4.4 million, 52.5% of the FY2012 budgeted funds, have been committed. In the prior year, \$4.5 million, 56.4%, had been committed. It is expected that the remaining funds will be utilized by year end.
- Special Education The special education category includes costs associated with the educational needs of students receiving special education services. The FY2012 salary budget increased by \$7.3 million, 6.8% over the prior year, which included funding for salary step increases and funding of \$2.6 million for 47.8 additional positions. Additionally, 194 instructional assistant positions were transferred to the operating budget. These positions had previously been funded by grant revenues from the federal stimulus program which were included in the special revenue budget. Of the FY2012 special education nonsalary budget of \$41.5 million, \$34.8 million (84%) is for placement of children in nonpublic schools. The nonpublic placement budget decreased approximately \$2 million from the FY2011 budgeted amount. This decrease was offset by a \$2.1 million increase in contractual related services in order to provide additional therapeutic services to special education students throughout the school system. To date, all of the funds for nonpublic placement have been committed, compared with \$31.2 million committed in October 2010. This change is due to the early encumbrance of projected services.
- Student Personnel and Health Services Year-to-date FY2012 expenditures for student personnel and health services are currently in line with the budget.
- *Transportation* This category includes all costs associated with providing school transportation services for students between home, school, and school activities. Much of the transportation nonsalary budget is committed early in the fiscal year to reflect the anticipated annual expenditures for contracts with private bus operators, fuel for vehicles, cost of bus maintenance, and other nonsalary expenditures. The nonsalary budget increased by approximately \$1.2 million, which is primarily attributable to an expected increase in school bus replacements and diesel fuel costs. As of October 2011, \$23.2 million, 93.1% of the nonsalary budget has been committed, compared to \$20.6 million, 86.6% expended at October 2010. The increase of \$2.6 million in nonsalary expenditures over the prior year is attributable to the increase in encumbrances for diesel fuel and for additional bus purchases to replace units that the system is required to take out of service based upon state regulations.
- *Operation of Plant* This category contains salary costs for personnel for care and upkeep of grounds and buildings. Additionally, costs of utilities (including telecommunications costs, gas and

electric, fuel oil, sewer, and water) are also included. The nonsalary expenditure budget for this category has decreased \$1.9 million, a 4% decrease over the prior year. This decrease is primarily attributable to an anticipated decrease in the cost of utilities. Encumbrances for utilities have been established for approximately the full amount of the budgeted annual costs of \$27 million. Other expenditures in this category include the cost of building rent, \$5.4 million; supplies and materials, \$2.4 million; trash removal, \$1.3 million; and other related expenditures. As of October 2011, 81.4% of the nonsalary budget has been committed, which is comparable to October 2010.

- *Maintenance of Plant and Capital Outlay* The maintenance category consists of activities related to the service and upkeep of building systems. The nonsalary expenditure budget for this category decreased 2.7% over the prior year. Year-to-date nonsalary expenditures and encumbrances are \$13.1 million, 83.1% of the budgeted amount, as compared with \$13.5 million, or 83.5%, in the prior fiscal year. Capital Outlay nonsalary expenditures are over the amount budgeted at October 2011. The increase in expenditures over those budgeted is the result of contractual services required because of earthquake damage at a number of schools. It is expected that these costs will be covered by insurance proceeds.
- *Fixed Charges* This category includes the cost of employee benefits and other fixed costs. Health insurance and employer FICA consume 71% and 22% of the fixed charges budget, respectively. The FY2012 budget includes an increase of \$16.9 million, resulting from a significant increase in health insurance costs, increased state and county pension costs, and increased workers compensation expenses.

## Comparison of FY 2011 and FY 2012 Revenues, Expenditures, and Encumbrances **Budget and Actual** For the Periods Ended October 31, 2010 and 2011

# **General Fund**

		FY2011				FY2012			
Revenues:		Adjusted Budget	Total Rev/Exp/Enc. as of 10/31/10	Remaining Budget as of 10/31/10	Percentage Earned or Obligated	Adopted Budget	Total Rev/Exp/Enc. as of 10/31/11	Remaining Budget as of 10/31/11	Percentage Earned or Obligated
Baltimore County		\$ 663,144,082		\$ 561,462,042	15.3%	\$ 668,495,342	\$ 110,058,297	\$ 558,437,045	16.5%
State of Maryland		510,629,794	167,224,547	343,405,247	32.7%	536,555,216	175,476,449	361,078,767	32.7%
Federal		13,195,238	1,779,138	11,416,100	13.5%	4,540,000	265,798	4,274,202	5.9%
Other Total revenues		\$ 1,210,897,859	\$ 289,281,158	5,333,312 \$ 921,616,701	23.9%	\$ 1,226,742,597	\$ 297,226,706	5,725,877 \$ 929,515,891	66.6% 24.2%
Totallevenues		\$ 1,210,697,639	\$ 209,201,00	\$ 924010,701	23.970	\$ 1,220,742,397	\$ 297,220,700	3 929,313,691	24.270
Expenditures and encum	brances:								
Administration	salary	\$ 24,251,557	\$ 7,873,690	\$ 16,377,867	32.5%	\$ 25,390,430	\$ 7,868,307	\$ 17,522,123	310%
	non-salary	9,915,833	6,887,323	3,028,510	69.5%	11,7 19,286	5,654,032	6,065,254	48.2%
	subtotal	34,167,390	14,761,013	19,406,377	43.2%	37,109,716	13,522,339	23,587,377	36.4%
Midle vel adminis tratio n	salary	78,069,914	23,577,603	54,492,311	30.2%	78,643,410	23,664,665	54,978,745	30.1%
	non-salary	8,640,754	4,130,941	4,509,813	47.8%	8,083,447	4,119,878	3,963,569	51.0%
	subtotal	86,710,668	27,708,544	59,002,124	32.0%	86,726,857	27,784,543	58,942,314	32.0%
Instruction: Instructionalsalaries	salary	460,783,852	103,664,708	357,119,144	22.5%	451,549,352	101,710,257	349,839,095	22.5%
Instructional textbooks	non-salary	24,138,239	11,229,255	12,908,984	46.5%	20,977,566	8,511,244	12,466,322	40.6%
Other instructional costs	•	7,990,663	4,508,600	3,482,063	56.4%	8,292,418	4,352,660	3,939,758	52.5%
	,		1,500,000	3,102,003	50.170		1,552,000	3,737,730	32.070
Special education	salary	106,422,774	26,778,237	79,644,537	25.2%	113,758,611	27,541,487	86,217,124	24.2%
	non-salary	41,390,644	34,010,242	7,380,402	82.2%	41,470,784	39,240,350	2,230,434	94.6%
	subtotal	147,813,418	60,788,479	87,024,939	41.1%	155,229,395	66,781,837	88,447,558	43.0%
Student personnel	salary	8,219,068	2,405,507	5,813,561	29.3%	8,388,579	2,402,216	5,986,363	28.6%
	non-salary	204,988	38,342	166,646	18.7%	17 1,111	21,576	149,535	12.6%
	subtotal	8,424,056	2,443,849	5,980,207	29.0%	8,559,690	2,423,792	6,135,898	28.3%
Health services	salary	13,502,240	3,087,696	10,414,544	22.9%	13,417,920	3,156,517	10,261,403	23.5%
ileanii services	non-salary	443,265	318,042	125,223	71.7%	467,818	336,279	131,539	71.9%
	subtotal	13,945,505	3,405,738	10,539,767	24.4%	13,885,738	3,492,796	10,392,942	25.2%
Transportation	salary	32,611,223	6,908,067	25,703,156	21.2%	33,303,850	6,639,311	26,664,539	19.9%
	non-salary	23,740,483	20,569,849	3,170,634	86.6%	24,965,967 58,269,817	23,242,686	1,723,281	93.1%
	subtotal	30,331,700	27,477,916	28,873,790	48.8%	38,209,817	29,881,997	28,387,820	513%
Operation of plant	salary	40,184,939	11,533,755	28,651,184	28.7%	41,374,772	11,674,515	29,700,257	28.2%
	non-salary	48,141,494	39,399,513	8,741,981	81.8%	46,215,315	37,597,418	8,617,897	81.4%
	subtotal	88,326,433	50,933,268	37,393,165	57.7%	87,590,087	49,271,933	38,318,154	56.3%
Maintenance of plant	salary	12,130,658	3,692,830	8,437,829	30.4%	11,928,626	3,743,754	8,184,872	31.4%
	non-salary	16,215,212	13,541,204	2,674,008	83.5%	15,772,840	13,107,784	2,665,056	83.1%
	subtotal	28,345,870	17,234,034	11,111,836	60.8%	27,701,466	16,851,538	10,849,928	60.8%
Fixed charges	non-salary	250,673,876	61,095,449	189,578,427	24.4%	267,632,772	66,176,375	201,456,397	24.7%
		2 702 5 10				2,820,491			
Capitaloutlay	salary	2,793,518	879,122	1,914,396	31.5%		864,947	1,955,544	30.7%
	non-salary	432,665 3,226,183	659,476	(226,811)	152.4%	397,232	465,713	(68,481)	117.2%
	subtotal	3,220,183	1,538,598	1,687,585	47.7%	3,21/,/23	1,330,660	1,887,063	41.4%
Total Salary		\$ 778,969,743	\$ 190,401,215	\$ 588,568,528	24.4%	\$ 780,576,041	\$ 189,265,975	\$ 591,310,066	24.2%
Total Non-Salary		431,928,116	196,388,236	235,539,880	45.5%	446,166,556	202,825,995	243,340,561	45.5%
Total expenditures and e	nc um branc e s	\$ 1,210,897,859	\$ 386,789,451	\$ 824,108,408	31.9%	\$ 1,226,742,597	\$ 392,091,970	\$ 834,650,627	32.0%